

# Freetown Lakeville Public Schools

Grade 3 Science and Technology/Engineering  
Unit Guide

8/20/2002

## Grade 3 Science and Technology/Engineering Curriculum Guideline

### Unit: Designing Investigations

#### Topic:

#### Student Learning Objectives

- 50239** Identify materials used to accomplish a design task based on a specific property, i.e. weight, strength, hardness, and flexibility.
- 50240** Identify and explain the appropriate materials and tools (hammer, screwdriver, pliers, tape measure, screws, nails and other mechanical fasteners).
- 50243** Describe different ways in which a problem can be represented, e.g., sketches, diagrams, graphic organizers, and lists.

#### Textbook References, Resources and Materials

"How to Do" video or another video on building something  
Rubric  
Paper/pencil

Hammer  
Screwdriver  
Pliers  
Tape measures  
Screws  
Nails

Sample math problems  
Paper/pencils  
Rubric

#### Suggested Instructional Strategies

Brainstorm different ways in which a problem can be represented.

Discuss and give examples of when these ways may be used.

Give sample math problems where pictures are necessary to solve a problem.

#### Assessment

Students will plan and design a functional object on paper, construct it and explain why they chose the materials they used and any problems that occurred during construction. Home project with attached rubric.

## Grade 3 Science and Technology/Engineering Curriculum Guideline

### Unit: Electricity and Magnets

#### Topic:

#### Student Learning Objectives

- 50232** Recognize that electricity in circuits requires a complete loop through which an electrical current can pass, and that electricity can produce light, heat, and sound.
- 50233** Identify and classify objects and materials that conduct electricity and objects and materials that are insulators of electricity.
- 50234** Explain how electromagnets can be made and give examples of how they can be used.
- 50235** Recognize that magnets have poles that repel and attract each other.
- 50236** Identify and classify objects and materials that a magnet will attract and objects and materials that a magnet will not attract.

#### Textbook References, Resources and Materials

Batteries, bulbs, copperwire, paper clips, thumb tacks, wire cutters/strippers (these need to be replaced almost every year)

Text

Videos

Filmstrips

Pencils, erasures, paper clips, nails, paper, cardboard, plastic spoons, yarn, copper wire, etc.

batteries, bulbs, wire (materials to test above)

text

batteries  
wire  
nails, paper clips  
compasses

text

bar magnets  
iron filings  
styrofoam balls  
needles, nails  
plastic containers/trays  
paper  
saran wrap

video  
filmstrips



## Grade 3 Science and Technology/Engineering Curriculum Guideline

### **Suggested Instructional Strategies**

Given a variety of objects the students will identify those that a magnet will attract and objects that a magnet will not attract.

Have students find objects around the classroom that the magnet will attract and list those objects.

Have students draw a conclusion about what objects a magnet will or will not attract.

Read text and do Investigative Review.

### **Assessment**

Paper and pencil text.

Assess list of objects the students find in the classroom that a magnet will attract.

Projects of uses of magnets in the home. ex: posters, reports, collages, etc.

## Grade 3 Science and Technology/Engineering Curriculum Guideline

### Unit: Life Cycles

#### Topic:

#### Student Learning Objectives

- 50205** Recognize that soil retains water and supports the growth of plants.
- 50218** Recognize that plants and animals go through predictable life cycles that include birth, growth, development, reproduction, and death.
- 50219** Describe the major stages that characterize the life cycle of the frog and butterfly as they go through metamorphosis.

#### Textbook References, Resources and Materials

Text  
Gravel  
Sand  
Soil  
Plastic containers/trays  
Measuring cups, etc.

Brunie, David. Eyewitness Books: Plants

Eggs, magnifying glass, cups  
Sequence cards  
Tadpole eggs  
Tank, net  
Seeds, soil, cups  
Plastic wrap

Text

Tadpole eggs, tanks, nets, butterfly chrysalis, tank (or box)

Videos, filmstrips and literature  
Ron and Nancy Goor. Insect Metamorphosis

George, Jean C.. The Moon of the Monarch Butterflies

## Grade 3 Science and Technology/Engineering Curriculum Guideline

### **Suggested Instructional Strategies**

Read text and do Investigative Review

Hatch tadpole eggs and observe growth and development of frogs.

Hatch butterflies and observe their growth and development.

### **Assessment**

Paper and pencil test

Students will draw a diagram of the life cycle of a butterfly and a frog.

Students will explain orally or written the meaning of metamorphosis.

Projects about other animals who go through metamorphosis. ex: posters, reports, collages, etc.

## Grade 3 Science and Technology/Engineering Curriculum Guideline

### Unit: Solar System

#### Topic:

#### Student Learning Objectives

**50213** Recognize that the earth is part of a system called the "solar system" that includes the sun (a star), planets, and many moons. The earth is the third planet from the sun in our solar system.

**50214** Recognize that the earth revolves around (orbits) the sun in a year's time and that the earth rotates on its axis once approximately every 24 hours.

Make connections between the rotation of the earth and day/night, and the apparent movement of the sun, moon, and stars across the sky.

**50215** Describe the changes that occur in the observable shape of the moon over the course of a month.

**50309** Describe lunar and solar eclipses and the observed moon phases. Relate them to the relative positions of the earth, moon, and sun.

#### Textbook References, Resources and Materials

Videos, filmstrips, and literature.  
E.C. Krupp. The Moon and You  
Simon, Seymour. The Sun  
Ian Ridpath. Atlas of Stars and Planets  
Jobb, Jamie. The Night Star Book  
Becklake, Sue. Space, Stars, Planets, and Spacecraft  
\*\* We need these books

Display models (buy)

Text

Lightsource (lamps, flashlights, etc.)  
Globes  
Styrofoam balls  
Skurzynski, Gloria Zero Gravity  
Text

Videos, filmstrips and literature.  
Simon, Seymour. The Moon

Calendar master  
Styrofoam balls  
Lightsource  
Text  
Posters

Videos, filmstrips, and literature  
Twain, Mark A Connecticut Yankee in King Arthur's Court

Light source  
Styrofoam balls  
Pencils/wooden sticks  
Calendar master



## Grade 3 Science and Technology/Engineering Curriculum Guideline

### **Suggested Instructional Strategies**

Demonstrate the phases of the moon as well as solar and lunar eclipse using styrofoam balls and light sources.

Keep a calendar of the phases of the moon for one month.

Read text and do Investigative Review

### **Assessment**

Paper and pencil test

Assess the calendar of the phases of the moon.

Students will compare and contrast a solar and lunar eclipse.

## Grade 3 Science and Technology/Engineering Curriculum Guideline

### Unit: Water and Water Cycles

#### Topic:

#### Student Learning Objectives

**50210** Describe how water on earth cycles in different forms and in different locations, including underground and in the atmosphere.

**50229** Describe how water can be changed from one state to another by adding or taking away heat.

#### Textbook References, Resources and Materials

Text

Plastic bags (zip loc)

Videos, filmstrips, and literature.  
Stwertka, Eve and Albert. Drip Drop, Water's Journey

Text

Videos, filmstrips and literature  
Cole, Joanna. The Magic School Bus at the Waterworks

#### Suggested Instructional Strategies

Read text and do Investigative Review

Students do activity Water Ups and Downs on pg D13 in "Discovery Works" Teacher's manual Earth's Water.

Class discussion.

#### Assessment

Paper and pencil test

The students will explain the three forms water can take, how this occurs and give examples of each. This can be done orally, written or in a diagram.